SPECIFICATION

PART NO. : LT5241-41 2.0×5.0mm RECTANGULAR LED LAMP



Approved by	Checked by	Prepared by
Sam	Yang	Qing

Description This orange lamp is epoxy resin.	made with GaAsP/GaP	chip and orange diffused
		chip and orange diffused
epoxy resin.		
0.	.5 SQUARE X 2 A K	<u>0.1</u>
lotes:		
ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN mm. TOLERANCE IS±0.25mm UNLESS (OTHERWISE NOTED	

Description

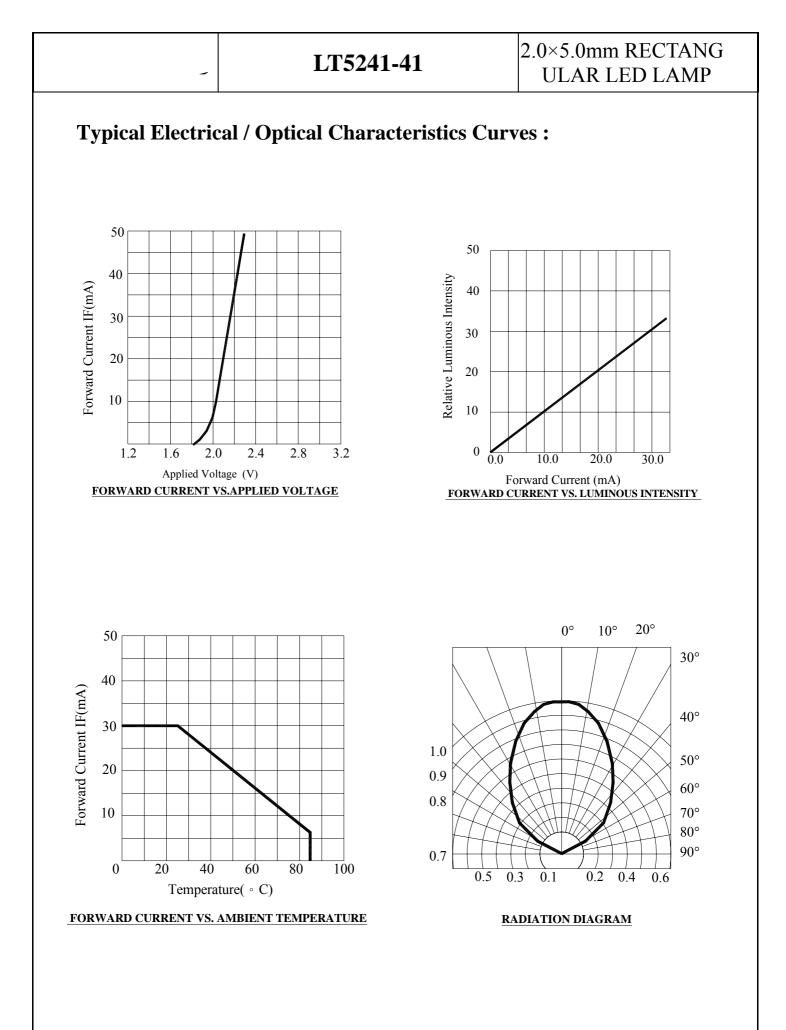
Part No.	LED Chip			
	Material	Emitting Color	Lens Color	
LT5241-41	GaAsP/GaP	Orange	Orange diffused	

Absolute Maximum Ratings at Ta=25

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Power Dissipation	Pd	78	mW
Reverse Voltage	VR	5	V
D.C. Forward Current	If	30	mA
Reverse (Leakage) Current	Ir	100	μA
Peak Current(1/10Duty Cycle,0.1ms Pulse Width.)	If(Peak)	100	mA
Operating Temperature Range	Topr.	-25 to +85	
Storage Temperature Range	Tstg.	-40 to +100	
Lead Soldering Temp.(1.6mm from body) for 5 seconds	·	260	

Electrical and Optical Characteristics:

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Luminous Intensity	Iv	If=20mA	12	20		mcd
Forward Voltage	Vf	If=20mA		2.1	2.6	V
Peak Wavelength	λΡ	If=20mA		635		nm
Dominant Wavelength	λD	If=20mA		626		nm
Reverse (Leakage) Current	Ir	Vr=5V			100	μA
Viewing Angle	2 1/2	If=20mA		80		deg
Spectrum Line Halfwidth	Δλ	If=20mA		35		nm
NOTE: THE DATAS TESTED BY IS TESTER						



2.0×5.0mm RECTANG ULAR LED LAMP

Precautions:

TAKE NOTE OF THE FOLLOWING IN USE OF LED

1. Temperature in use

Since the light generated inside the LED needs to be emitted to outside efficiently, a resin with high light transparency is used; therefore, additives to improve the heat resistance or moisture resistance (silica gel, etc) which are used for semiconductor products such as transistors cannot be added to the resin.

Consequently, the heat resistant ability of the resin used for LED is usually low; therefore, please be careful on the following during use.

Avoid applying external force, stress, and excessive vibration to the resins and terminals at high temperature. The glass transition temperature of epoxy resin used for the LED is approximately 120-130 .

At a temperature exceeding this limit, the coefficient of liner expansion of the resin doubles or more compared to that at normal temperature and the resin is softened.

If external force or stress is applied at that time, it may cause a wire rupture.

2. Soldering

Please be careful on the following at soldering.

After soldering, avoided applying external force, stress, and excessive vibration until the products go to cooling process (normal temperature), <Same for products with terminal leads>

(1) Soldering measurements:

Distance between melted solder side to bottom of resin shall be 1.6mm or longer.

- (2) Solder dip: Preheat: 90 max. (Backside of PCB), Within 120 seconds
 Solder bath: 250 max. (Solder temperature), Within 5 seconds
- (3) Soldering iron : 250 max. (Temperature of soldering iron tip), Within 3 seconds
- 3. Insertion

Pitch of the LED leads and pitch of mounting holes need to be same

4. Others

Since the heat resistant ability of the LED resin is low, SMD components are used on the same PCB, please mount the LED after adhesive baking process for SMD components. In case adhesive baking is done after LED lamp insertion due to a production process reason, make sure not to apply external force, stress, and excessive vibration to the LED and follow the conditions below.

Baking temperature: 120 max. Baking time: Within 60 seconds

If soldering is done sequentially after the adhesive baking, please perform the soldering after cooling down the LED to normal temperature.

